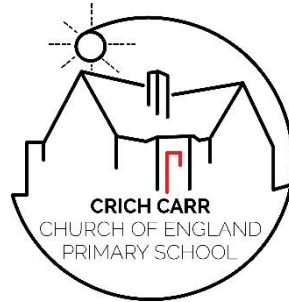


Crich Carr Church of England Primary School



INTIMATE CARE POLICY

	Date	Minute No.	Next Review date
Approved by			
Governors	21.11.2023		Nov 2024

Crich Carr Church of England Primary School

Intimate Care Policy

The pastoral care of our children is central to everything we do at Crich Carr Church of England Primary School and we are committed to developing positive and caring attitudes in our children.

It is our intention to develop independence in every child, however there will be occasions when help is required. The principles and procedures apply to everyone involved in the intimate care of children.

'Intimate care may be defined as an activity required to meet the personal care needs of each individual child in partnership with the parent, carer and the child.' In school this may occur on a regular basis or during a one-off incident.

Crich Carr Church of England Primary School is committed to ensuring that all staff responsible for the intimate care of children will undertake their duties in a professional manner at all times. We recognise that there is a need to treat all our children with respect when intimate care is given. No child should be attended to in a way that causes distress or pain and adults and staff must be sensitive to each child's individual needs.

Intimate care is any care which involves one of the following:

1. Changing a child's nappy/pull up
2. Assisting a child to change his/her clothes
3. Changing or washing a child who has soiled him/herself
4. Assisting with toileting issues
5. Supervising a child involved in intimate self-care
6. Providing first aid assistance
7. Providing comfort to an upset or distressed child
8. Feeding a child
9. Providing oral care to a child
10. Assisting a child who requires a specific medical procedure and who is not able to carry this out unaided. *

* In the case of a specific procedure only a person suitably trained and assessed as competent should undertake the procedure, (e.g. the administration of insulin.) Parents have the responsibility to advise the school of any known intimate care needs relating to their child

Principles of Intimate Care

The following are the fundamental principles of intimate care upon which our policy guidelines are based:

Every child has a right to be safe;

Every child has the right to personal privacy;

Every child has the right to be valued as an individual;

Every child has the right to be treated with dignity and respect;

All children have the right to be involved and consulted in their own intimate care to the best of their abilities;

All children have the right to express their views on their own intimate care and to have their views taken into account;
Every child has the right to have levels of intimate care that are appropriate and consistent.

Changing a child's nappy/pull up

If a child joins nursery/school and wears a pull up or nappy permission will be sought to change this as and when required.

This will be carried out using the changing facilities in the girls' toilets.

Due to space and staffing ratios it will be made clear that this will be carried out by one person.

Assisting a child to change his/her clothes

This is more common in our Foundation Stage. On occasions an individual child may require some assistance with changing if, for example, he/she has an accident at the toilet, gets wet outside, or has vomit on his/her clothes etc.

Staff will always encourage children to attempt undressing and dressing unaided. However, if assistance is required this will be given.

Staff will give the child the opportunity to change in private, unless the child is in such distress that it is not possible to do so. The child will always be asked their permission before any help is given. If staff are concerned in any way, parents will be sent for and asked to assist their child. Parents will always be informed if the child becomes distressed.

Changing a child who has soiled him/herself

If a child soils him/herself in school a professional judgement has to be made whether it is appropriate to change the child in school, or request the parent/carer to collect the child for changing. In either circumstance the child's needs are paramount and he/she should be comforted and reassured throughout. The following guidelines outline our procedures but we will also seek to make age appropriate responses.

The child will be given the opportunity to change his / her underwear in private and carry out this process themselves.

School will have a supply of wipes, clean underwear and spare uniform for this purpose. (A supply of clean underwear and spare uniforms are available in School Club, EYFS toilet and the EYFS class).

If older children are not able to complete this task unaided, school staff will attempt to contact the emergency contact to inform them of the situation.

If the emergency contact is able to come to school within an appropriate time frame, the child will be accompanied and supported by a staff member until they arrive. This avoids any further distress and preserves dignity.

If the emergency contact cannot attend, school will seek verbal permission for staff to change the child. If none of the contacts can be reached the Headteacher is to be consulted and the decision taken on the basis of loco-parentis and our duty of care to meet the needs of the child.

It is recognised that young children (foundation stage and KS1) are more likely to need intimate care and would find it difficult to complete the task themselves. Staff will assist the child to clean themselves and change their clothes unless parents ask us not to do so. Parents will be discretely informed at the end of the school day and the soiled clothing returned. If school suspects that the 'accident' is as a result of illness, they will ask for the child to be collected.

If a child needs regular changing i.e. due to a medical condition, an individual care plan will be drawn up between the parents, the child and school and will include changing arrangements.

Child Protection/Safeguarding Guidelines

Ensure that the action you are taking is necessary and get verbal agreement to proceed.

Pastoral Care Procedures

Ensure the child is happy with who is changing him/her.

Be responsive to any distress shown.

Basic hygiene routines

Always wear protective disposable gloves.

Seal any soiled clothing in a plastic bag for return to parents.

In the case of Foundation Stage children, in order to avoid any unnecessary distress, a member of staff may assist the child unless a parent has requested otherwise, or if the child is reluctant. Parents will be informed at the end of the day.

Providing comfort or support to a child:

There are situations and circumstances where children seek physical comfort from staff (particularly children in Early Years). Where this happens staff need to be aware that any physical contact must be kept to a minimum. When comforting a child or giving reassurance, staff must ensure that at no time can the act be considered as intimate. If physical contact is deemed to be appropriate, staff must provide care which is professionally appropriate to the age and context.

If a child touches a member of staff in a way that makes him/her feel uncomfortable this can be gently but firmly discouraged in a way which communicates that the touch, rather than the child, is unacceptable. If a child touches a member of staff, as noted above, this should be discussed, in confidence with the Designated Teacher for Child Protection.

Assisting a child who requires a specific medical procedure and who is not able to carry this out unaided.

Our Administration of Medications Policy outlines arrangements for the management of the majority of medications in school.

Parental permission must be given before any medication is dispensed in school- this form is also available on our website.

A small number of children will have significant medical needs and in addition to the arrangements included in our Administration of Medications Policy will have an Individual 'Care Plan'. This Care Plan will be formulated by the relevant medical body. If required, school staff will receive appropriate training.

Swimming

Children in Year 2 through to Year 6 participate in a swimming programme.

Children are entitled to respect and privacy when changing their clothes however, there must be the required level of supervision to safeguard young people with regard to health and safety considerations and to ensure that bullying, teasing or other unacceptable behaviour does not occur. Members of staff do therefore supervise the group changing rooms.

Where a child needs additional support for changing parental permission will be sought and a personal care plan will be drawn up so as to maintain dignity but increase independence.

Residential Trips

Residential educational visits are an important part of our school experience for children in Y2 – Y6.

Particular care is required when supervising pupils in this less formal setting.

As is normal with Extra-Curricular Activities, although more informal relationships in such circumstances tend to be usual, staff are still guided by our Child Protection procedures, Pastoral Care and Behaviour Policies. Some specific Intimate Care issues may arise in a Residential context;

Showering - children are entitled to respect and privacy when changing their clothes or taking a shower. However, there must be the required level of supervision to safeguard young people with regard to health and safety considerations, and to ensure that bullying, teasing or other unacceptable behaviour does not occur.

This means that staff should announce their intention of entering changing rooms, avoid remaining in changing rooms unless pupil needs require it, avoid any physical contact when children are in a state of undress and avoid any visually intrusive behaviour.

Given the vulnerabilities of the situation, it is strongly recommended that when supervising children in a state of undress, another member of staff is present. However, this may not always be possible and therefore Staff need to be vigilant about their own conduct, e.g. adults must not change in the same place as children or shower with children.

Night Time Routines - It is established practice that the children's bedrooms are private spaces and anyone else wanting to enter the room should knock and announce their intention to enter. At bedtime, children are given a set amount of time to change and prepare for bed and will be told when the supervising teachers will visit the rooms to check all is okay and switch off the lights. A reciprocal arrangement is in place in the mornings. There are occasions when incidents take place during the night and the need arises to:

1. Assist a child to change his / her clothes
2. Change a child who has soiled him / herself
3. Provide comfort to an upset or distressed child
4. Assist a child who requires a specific medical procedure and who is not able to carry this out unaided. Guidance as above will be followed with the support of an additional member of staff in attendance whenever possible.

School Responsibilities

All members of staff working with children must undertake a full DBS disclosure procedure. This includes students on work placement and volunteers who may be left alone with children.

Only those members of staff who are familiar with the intimate care policy are involved in the intimate care of children.

Where anticipated, intimate care arrangements are agreed between the school and parents and when appropriate and possible, by the child. Consent forms are signed by the parent and stored in the child's file. **Only in emergency would staff undertake any aspect of intimate care that has not been agreed by parents and school.** Parents would then be contacted immediately. The views of all relevant parties should be sought and considered to inform future arrangements.

If a staff member has concerns about a colleague's intimate care practice he or she must report this to the Designated Teacher for Child Protection.

Guidelines For Good Practice

All children have the right to be safe and to be treated with dignity and respect. These guidelines are designed to safeguard children and staff. They apply to every member of staff involved with the intimate care of children.

Young children and children with special educational needs can be especially vulnerable. Staff involved with their intimate care need to be particularly sensitive to their individual needs.

Members of staff also need to be aware that some adults may use intimate care, as an opportunity to abuse children. It is important to bear in mind that some forms of assistance can be open to misinterpretation. Adhering to the following guidelines of good practice whenever possible should safeguard both children and staff.

- 1. Involve the child in the intimate care.** Try to encourage a child's independence as far as possible in his or her intimate care. Where a situation renders a child fully dependent, talk about what is going to be done and, where possible, give choices. Check your practice by asking the child or parent about any preferences while carrying out the intimate care.
- 2. Treat every child with dignity and respect and ensure privacy appropriate to the child's age and situation.** Care should not be carried out by a member of staff working alone with a child.
- 3. Make sure practice in intimate care is consistent.** As a child may have multiple carers a consistent approach to care is essential. Effective communication between all parties ensures that practice is consistent.
- 4. Be aware of your own limitations.** Only carry out activities you understand and feel competent with. If in doubt, ask. Some procedures must only be carried out by members of staff who have been formally trained and assessed.
- 5. Promote positive self-esteem and body image.** Confident, self-assured children who feel their bodies belong to them are less vulnerable to sexual abuse. The approach you take to intimate care can convey lots of messages to a child about their body worth. Your attitude to a child's intimate care is important. Keeping in mind the child's age, routine care can be both efficient and relaxed.
- 6. If you have any concerns you must report them.** If you observe any unusual markings, discolouration or swelling report it immediately to the Designated Teacher for Child Protection.

If a child is accidentally hurt during intimate care or misunderstands or misinterprets something, reassure the child, ensure their safety and report the incident immediately to the designated teacher. Report and record any unusual emotional or behavioural response by the child. A written record of concerns must be made available to parents and kept in the child's personal file.

Working with Children of the Opposite Sex

There is positive value in both male and female staff being involved with children. Ideally, every child should have the choice for intimate care but the current ratio of female to male staff means that assistance will more often be given by a woman. The intimate care of boys and girls can be carried out by a member of staff of the opposite sex with the following provisions:

When intimate care is being carried out, all children have the right to dignity and privacy, i.e. they should be appropriately covered, the door closed or screens/curtains put in place; If the child appears distressed or uncomfortable when personal tasks are being carried out, the care should stop immediately. Try to ascertain why the child is distressed and provide reassurance.

Report any concerns to the Designated Teacher for Child Protection and make a written record.